

# DI13 091M. 323-374 kW

IMO Tier III, IMO Tier II



The marine engines from Scania are based on a robust design with a strength optimised cylinder block containing wet cylinder liners that can easily be exchanged. Individual cylinder heads with 4 valves per cylinder promotes repairability and fuel economy.

The engine is equipped with a Scania developed Engine Management System, EMS, in order to ensure the control of all aspects related to engine performance. The injection system is based on electronically controlled unit injectors that in combination with SCR (Selective Catalytic Reduction) gives low exhaust emissions with good fuel economy and a high torque already at low revs.

The engine can be fitted with many accessories such as air cleaners, PTOs and cast iron flywheel housing with dual positions for starter in order to suit a variety of installations.

		Engine speed (rpm)		
	Rating	1500	1800	
Gross power (kW)	PRP	323	374	
Gross torque (Nm)	PRP	2056	1984	
Spec fuel consumption. Full load (g/kWh)		192	194	
Spec fuel consumption. 3/4 load (g/kWh)		192	194	
Spec fuel consumption. 1/2 load (g/kWh)		198	202	
Optimum fuel consumption (g/kWh)		192		
Reductant consumption. Full load (g/kWh)		21	21	
Heat rejection to coolant* (kW)		210	242	

\*Including charge air

**PRP** – **Prime power**: For continuous operation and unlimited yearly operation at varying load. Max. mean load factor of 70% of rated power over 24 h of operation.

#### 1 h/12 h of accumulated peak overload to 110%.

#### Standard equipment

- Scania Engine Management System, EMS
- Unit injectors, PDE
- Turbocharger
- Fuel pre-filter with water separator
- Fuel filter
- Oil filter, full flow
- Centrifugal oil cleaner
- Oil cooler, integrated in block
- Oil filler, in engine block
- Oil dipstick, in block
- Starter, 2-pole 7.0 kW
- Alternator, 2-pole 100A
- Flywheel SAE 14
- Silumin flywheel housing, SAE 1 flange
- Front-mounted engine brackets
- SCR system
- Protection covers
- Closed crankcase ventilation
- Operator's manual

#### Engines with heat exchanger:

- Impeller sea water pump
- Heat exchanger with expansion tank

#### **Optional equipment**

- Hydraulic pump
- Side-mounted PTO
- Front-mounted PTO
- Exhaust connections
- Engine heater
- Engine bracket with different heights
- Stiff rubber suspension
- Air cleaner
- Cast iron flywheel housing, SAE 1 flange
- Reversible fuel filter
- · Low coolant level sensor
- Variable idle speed setting
- · Low and extra low oil sump
- Reversible oil filters
- Long oil dipstick
- Oil level sensor
- Reductant feed pump
- Bilge pump

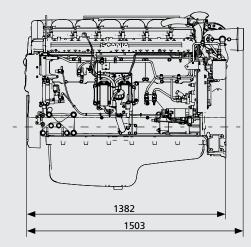
#### Engines with heat exchanger:

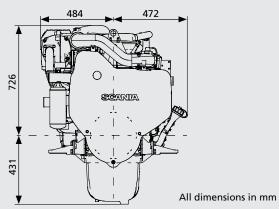
• Self priming sea water pump

### DI13 091M. 323-374 kW IMO Tier III, IMO Tier II

#### **Engine description**

No of cylinders	6 in-line
Working principle	4-stroke
Firing order	1 - 5 - 3 - 6 - 2 - 4
Displacement	12.7 litres
Bore x stroke	130 x 160 mm
Compression ratio	17.3:1
Weight (excl oil and coolant)	1285 kg (Engine with heat exchanger) 1180 kg (Engine with keel cooling)
Piston speed at 1500 rpm	8.0 m/s
Piston speed at 1800 rpm	9.6 m/s
Camshaft	High position alloy steel
Pistons	Steel pistons
Connection rods	I-section press forgings of alloy steel
Crankshaft	Alloy steel with hardened and polished bearing surfaces
Oil capacity	30-36 dm <sup>3</sup> (standard oil sump)
Electrical system	2-pole 24V



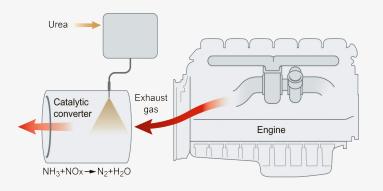


SCANIA

SE 151 87 Södertälje, Sweden Telephone +46 8 553 810 00 Telefax +46 8 553 829 93 www.scania.com engines@scania.com



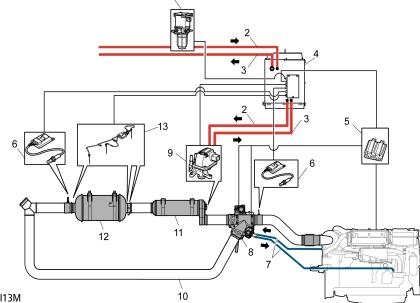
## SCR system



The principle for Scania SCR system

SCR (Selective Catalytic Reduction) technology is used on Scania's engines for IMO Tier III to reduce the  $NO_x$  content in the exhaust gases. A chemical process is started by injecting reductant, an urea and water mixture, into the exhaust gas stream. During injection the water evaporates and the urea breaks down to form ammonia. The ammonia then reacts with the nitrogen gases in the catalytic converter and forms harmless products such as nitrogen gas and water. Through the use of SCR the exhaust gases are purged of poisonous levels of  $NO_x$  in the best possible way. Scania is making use of a system that is carefully developed and tested in our own laboratory.

The Scania SCR system contains an exhaust routing valve that enables to by-pass the SCR system in order to meet the class requirements for marine installations. The system is delivered with an urea unit in stainless steel, prepared for connection to a main tank supported by customer. To ensure the flow of reductant between the main tank and the urea unit a reductant feed pump controlled by Scania can be included. The system can be offered with all mechanical and electrical parts needed except from the exhaust piping which is to be adapted according to the customers installation.



System overview DI13M

		Standard	Optional
1	Reductant feed pump	-	~
2	Reductant fluid pressure line	-	-
3	Reductant fluid return line	-	-
4	Urea unit (including reductant tank, -pump, -pick up unit and control unit EEC)	✓	-
5	Control unit EMS	✓	-
6	NO <sub>x</sub> sensors	✓	-
7	Coolant pipes	-	-

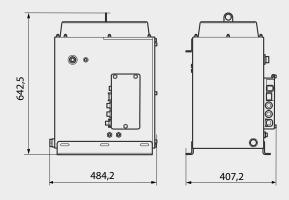
		Standard	Optional
8	Exhaust routing valve	✓	-
9	Reductant doser	✓	-
10	Branch pipe	-	-
11	Evaporator module	✓	-
12	SCR catalyst	✓	-
13	Exhaust temperature sensors	✓	-



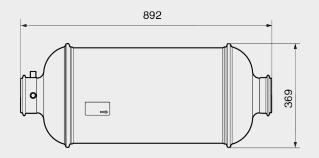
## SCR system

#### Urea unit

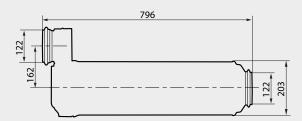
Total volume: 30 litres Filling volume: 16 litres



#### SCR catalyst



#### **Evaporator module**





SE 151 87 Södertälje, Sweden Telephone +46 8 553 810 00 Telefax +46 8 553 829 93 www.scania.com engines@scania.com